Benzid Noura		Class: 3 rd Arts
Elhrairia S. S 2	M id-term test	Name:
2010/2011	N° 3	Number:

**		Listening: (8 points)
	1	Comprehension (4 points)

Situation

unfortunately

Listening: (8 points) 1_Comprehension (4 points)	
1) Circle the right o	ption : (2 pts)
The "bad parts of society" visi	t Prague to: a) drink beers
	b) drink wine
	c) to experience the history
Anita lives in:	a) Czech
	b) Bitain
	c) America
2) Complete ? (1 pTourism is benefitial to the complete 3) Circle the right mean	ountry as long as
If you go to historical sites are those are the bad parts of it.	nd you start scribbling your name on the walls or things like that,
Pronouncing	writing listening
, , ,	at does this sentence express? rism is good for a country as long as the tourists don't destroy the
a) opinion	
b) comparison	
c) sensible action that didn't	take place
3_Spelling: (2 pts)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	y for tourists. How do you feel? Do you think that y tourists? Or do you think, it's good and this brings a lot of untry?
4_ Pronunciation: (1 pt	
Circle the stressed sylla	ble in each of the following words:



Language: (12 pts)

of which are beneficial in some ways.

Answer:

1)	Find the right	construction	of words between	parentheses ((4 r	ots)
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(you	ı /love)		to 11	adulge in diff	terent prot	olems wh	ile camping? Soi	me problems si	uch as
natural ha	zards canno	ot (be/co	ontrol)		,	but there	are many		
(camp)			. who take	wrong steps	in (they).		camping	and indulge in	L
different p	problems. T	here are	many mar	ı-made probl	ems to tak	e care of	and with proper	care you can g	get
along the	adverse effe	ects.The	negligenc	e of the camp	pers can be	e hazardo	us for you and th	ne co-campers	too.
You shou	ld have (res	ponsible	e)		towards	the camp	ing and must be	responsible of	every
act. Have	you (hear).			the stateme	ent "preve	ntion is b	etter than cure",	if proper	
prevention	ns(not/take)	1		, you are t	the one to	spoil you	r camping exper	ience. Hence, p	proper
care is im	portant in e	very step	of the car	mping for ha	ving a (su	cceed)		holiday.	
2) F	ill in the b	olanks v	vith 8 wo	rds from th	ne box (4	nts)			
-/ <u>-</u>		Territo (VICIO VIC	Tus II oili ti	ie son (i	pts/			
ability	defects	role	above	involves	genes	both	knowledge	hereditary	throughout

living organisms. Some of these techniques include gene therapy and genetic screening,

3) Match sentences parts so as you get a coherent paragraph:

Part1	Part2			
1) Philipa is sixteen years old and her father passed away	A) is the youngest of five children.			
2) Now Philipa and her brothers and sisters are all cared for	B) to provide for her children,			
3) However, Philipa's mother struggles	C) several years ago			
4) Her father passed away and often Philipa goes to school	D) by their mother.			
5) Philipa is a brilliant student who	E) without money for lunch, school supplies, and a clean uniform.			
6) Her siblings dropped out of school	F) at an early age.			
7) While Philipa remained	G) because she is brilliant.			
8) Her teachers love her very much	H) at schoolI) private education.J) restlessly.			

Devoir.th

Todd: So, Anita, we were talking about your city, Prague. Now, your city now is really popular for tourists. How do you feel? Do you think that maybe your city has too many tourists? Or do you think, it's good and this brings a lot of money into your country?

Anita: It definitely brings money into the economy. There's no doubt about that. That's why tourism is a very big... an important, you know, aspect for us. There are different kinds of tourists. There are tourists who come to Prague and to the Czech Republic to experience the history, you know, to look at the historical sites and to enjoy those and then are tourists who go there for the -- I would say -- the bad parts of society, you know the bad aspects of society, for example we have, what they call beer tours from the U.K.

Todd: Beer tours.

Anita: Yes. Where tourists, usually men, come in groups of, I don't know, ten, twenty, thirty just to drink beer in my country and unfortunately, in most cases, they don't come to nicely enjoy their tour, they usually come and, you know, get drunk and do other things, and that part of it, I really don't like because it sort of cheapens it I think.

Todd: Sure, sure.

Anita: Yeah, but other tourists, for example Japanese tourists are, you know, very orderly so those are nice to have there.

Todd: Right, and I think in The States we have something similar. Many young people go to Tijuana Mexico, across the border just to drink, and I think it's a similar situation.

Anita: I guess.

Todd: But, overall you would say that it's a good thing, that, you know, the tourism brings money into Prague?

Anita: I think any form of good tourism is good for a country as long as the tourists don't destroy the places they go to.

Todd: Sure.

Anita: For example, if you go to historical sites and you start <u>scribbling your name</u> on the walls or things like that, those are the bad parts of it, but as long as tourists are respectful to the culture, to the country, to the people, I guess tourism is good for any country, and we definitely depend on it.



